



**New York State
Office of
Children & Family
Services**

**The Domestic Violence
Prevention Act
(Chapter 838 of the Laws of 1987)**

2002

**Annual Report to the
Governor and Legislature**

*State of New York
George E. Pataki
Governor*



*Office of Children
and Family Services
John A. Johnson
Commissioner*

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Introduction

Introduction

Domestic violence can be defined as assaultive and coercive behaviors, which may include physical, sexual and psychological attacks as well as economic coercion against an intimate partner. It occurs regardless of culture, ethnicity or socioeconomic class. It causes an estimated 73,000 hospitalizations and 1,500 deaths yearly among women nationwide (Agency for Healthcare Research and Quality, 2002). Domestic violence can also have devastating effects on children residing in the household. These effects often present as health, education and social problems (Violence Prevention Fund, 2002). Approximately 2,000 children die in family-related violence each year.

Legislation, at both the State and Federal levels, has increasingly focused on holding batterers accountable while strongly supporting victims of domestic violence and their children in seeking safety and self-sufficiency. Governor Pataki's commitment to the protection of victims of domestic violence has been made clear by improved protections and interventions that have been made available through the criminal justice, judicial, and social service systems.

Victims of domestic violence often rely on both public and private resources in their attempts to free themselves and their children from abuse. Critical components in the continuum of services are the emergency residential and non-residential domestic violence services programs. These specialized programs support victims and their children in their pursuit of safety and self-sufficiency. Confidential and secure shelter and services, offering short-term relief and options, can often alleviate the need for more costly interventions and can ultimately mean the difference between life and death.

Recognizing the importance of these specialized services, the Domestic Violence Prevention Act of 1987 established mechanisms to enhance the quality and viability of the shelter and services system. The Domestic Violence Prevention Act requires local social service districts to provide residential and non-residential services to victims of domestic violence regardless of their financial eligibility and provides mechanisms for reimbursement to service providers. As a result of the Act, three sets of regulations were promulgated:

- ⌘ Parts 452-455 of 18 NYCRR establishing the standards for the operation of residential programs for victims of domestic violence;
- ⌘ Part 462 establishing the standards for non-residential services to victims of domestic violence;
- ⌘ Part 408 regarding the establishment of per diem rates and social service district responsibility for financial and contractual arrangements with providers of residential services to victims of domestic violence.

The primary ongoing responsibilities of the Office of Children and Family Services (OCFS) in relation to the statewide domestic violence system include:

- ⌘ Licensing residential programs for victims of domestic violence;
- ⌘ Monitoring and providing technical assistance to local districts and approved residential and non-residential programs for victims of domestic violence;
- ⌘ Establishing the per diem rate of reimbursement for each approved residential program on an annual basis;
- ⌘ Administering Federal Family Violence Prevention and Services Act funds;
- ⌘ Overseeing the Consolidated Service Planning process as it relates to the approval of non-residential domestic violence services programs;
- ⌘ Providing financial reimbursement to social services districts for residential and non-residential domestic violence services.

Additionally, the Domestic Violence Prevention Act requires an annual report to the Governor and Legislature regarding implementation of the Act. OCFS collects monthly data, from all approved providers, which is aggregated on an annual basis for report purposes. This report is the culmination of that data for calendar year 2002. For comparison purposes, in some tables, 2001 data is also presented.

*Statewide Domestic
Violence Statistics*

Statewide Domestic Violence Statistics

Three categories of programs are included in the Domestic Violence Prevention Act:

- ⌘ Non-Residential Programs for Victims of Domestic Violence – not-for-profit organizations or public agencies providing telephone hotline assistance, information, referral, counseling, advocacy and community education and outreach services. Seventy percent (70%) of the population served by each program must be victims of domestic violence.
- ⌘ Residential Programs for Victims of Domestic Violence – as defined below, and
- ⌘ Transitional Housing Programs – programs which are not defined in the regulations, but that have emerged to address the longer-term housing and service needs of victims of domestic violence after leaving emergency residential programs.

The Domestic Violence Program Regulations (18 NYCRR 452-455) define four types of Residential Programs for Victims of Domestic Violence:

- ⌘ *Domestic Violence Shelters* - congregate facilities of ten beds or more for victims of domestic violence and their children only;
- ⌘ *Domestic Violence Programs* - similar to shelters except that up to thirty percent (30%) of the residents may be other than victims of domestic violence;
- ⌘ *Safe Dwellings* - self contained units of nine beds or less for domestic violence victims and their children only; and
- ⌘ *Safe Home Networks* - clusters of private homes providing emergency services and shelter to victims of domestic violence coordinated by a not-for-profit organization.

The Office of Children and Family Services (OCFS) is responsible for approving (licensing) residential programs for victims of domestic violence. *Table 1* below shows the number of residential programs approved by OCFS as of December 31, 2002 (Refer to Appendix A for a listing of OCFS Regional Offices that license the programs and the counties for which they are responsible).

Table 1: The total number of approved residential programs and beds for victims of domestic violence in New York State by Regional Office.

<i>Approved Residential Programs For Victims of Domestic Violence As of December 31, 2002</i>							
	Regional Office						Statewide Totals
	Buffalo	Rochester	Syracuse	Albany	NYC	Yonkers	
DV Program							
Programs	1	1	4	0	1	1	8
Beds	13	14	82	0	60	19	188
DV Shelter							
Shelters	1	3	1	5	22	12	44
Beds	36	63	20	79	1,332	188	1,718
Safe Dwelling							
Dwellings	9	1	11	10	43	1	75
Beds	72	9	87	99	326	9	602
Safe Home Network							
Networks	2	1	3	1	5	4	16
Homes	13	15	29	10	39	41	147
Total Licensed Facilities	13	6	19	16	71	18	143
Total Beds	121	86	189	178	1,718	216	2,508
<i>(excluding safe home beds)</i>							

The number of safe home beds has been excluded from the total because safe home networks are licensed for a maximum number of homes rather than bed capacity. According to *Table 1*, just under seventy percent (70%) of the emergency shelter beds in the State are in New York City. Except for Hamilton and Schuyler counties, which do not have residential services within the county, all counties have at least one residential program. The statewide bed capacity has increased by 312 beds since January 2002.

“The Number of Persons Estimated to Have Been Assisted in Programs Covered by this Article” (Domestic Violence Prevention Act)

Table 2: The number of adults and children assisted in residential, non-residential and transitional housing programs during 2001 and 2002.

Program Admissions						
	Residential		Non-Residential		Transitional	
	2001	2002	2001	2002	2001	2002
Adults	5,396	5,882	25,625	24,282	286	375
Children	6,861	7,588	18,439	14,646	450	568
Total	12,257	13,470	44,064	38,928	736	943

Over 300 new beds became available in New York City during 2002 potentially contributing to the increase in residential admissions of 1,213 persons over the previous year. Non-residential services decreased mostly in the children category. This may reflect more accurate data collection as programs are continually trained to report only children they actually serve. Transitional Housing admissions increased from 736 in 2001 to 943 in 2002, an increase of over 200 admissions. Jefferson County Women’s Center’s Transitional program reopened during 2002 after being closed for renovations. Also, Urban Resource Institute opened a new transitional program in 2002. (For more details on Transitional Housing Admissions, refer to *Appendix D*.)

“The Number of Persons Estimated to Have Been Denied Shelter and/or Services”

Table 3: The number of adults and children denied shelter in a residential program for victims of domestic violence by denial reason in New York City.

New York City Denials				
<u>Denial Reasons</u>	<u>2001</u>		<u>2002</u>	
	<u>Adults</u>	<u>Children</u>	<u>Adults</u>	<u>Children</u>
Facility at capacity (no beds available)	1,521	1,430	1,466	1,183
Family too large (insufficient # of beds)	185	340	155	349
Facility can not address substance and/or alcohol abuse needs	31	15	17	26
Likely to interfere w/health & safety of others	24	28	25	41
Refused to cooperate w/program rules or policy	120	184	251	358
Unsafe location for family	726	759	1,123	1,417
Family reached permissible stay limit	8	31	24	32
Special needs cannot be met	116	167	205	312
Other	284	330	443	546
Total Denials	3,015	3,284	3,709	4,264

Note: The New York City Domestic Violence Hotline does not currently report denial data. Because this is the centralized intake for all Residential Programs for Victims of Domestic Violence in New York City, denial data is most likely under-reported. OCFS is continuing to work with the New York City Domestic Violence Hotline and providers to establish a method to capture this data for future reports.

Table 4: The number of adults and children denied shelter in a residential program for victims of domestic violence by denial reason in the Rest of the State.

Rest of State Denials				
<u>Denial Reasons</u>	<u>2001</u>		<u>2002</u>	
	<u>Adults</u>	<u>Children</u>	<u>Adults</u>	<u>Children</u>
Facility at capacity (no beds available)	4,356	3,924	3,839	4,853
Family too large (insufficient # of beds)	1,938	1,193	1,043	2,478
Facility can not address substance and/or alcohol abuse needs	524	237	249	180
Likely to interfere w/health & safety of others	526	78	106	50
Refused to cooperate w/program rules or policy	213	336	219	229
Unsafe location for family	116	217	124	132
Family reached permissible stay limit	56	30	3	2
Special needs cannot be met	234	1,056	220	130
Other	1,526	1,611	1,614	1,045
Total Denials	9,489	8,682	7,417	9,099

When combining New York City and Rest of State data, total denials statewide were consistent between 2001 and 2002.

Over the past few years, shelter providers have noted an increase in victims with more intensive service needs. In 2002, one of the most common reasons for “other” denials was the inability to provide adequate supervision at a particular facility due to special service needs.

It should also be noted that the denial data does not take into account duplicate requests where a victim was denied by more than one residential program.

Note: Denials from non-residential programs are not collected because information and referral is a core service requirement of a non-residential program. Transitional housing programs are also excluded because housing requests are usually based on the availability of a bed.

“The Amount of Public and Private Funds for Approved Program by Service Type on an Annual Basis”

Annually, OCFS is responsible for establishing the daily rate of reimbursement (the per diem) for each residential program. Local districts contract with residential programs at the established per diem rate (see Appendix E). Per diem rates are reimbursed through public assistance funding streams and are paid to providers by the local social service districts. Where a resident is not eligible for public assistance reimbursement, Title XX funds may be available. If a district has exhausted its Title XX funds, state and local funds are available. The primary funding source for non-residential programs is through individually negotiated contracts with the social service district using Title XX funds.

On an annual basis, OCFS collects comprehensive financial information from all approved residential programs. Financial information is not collected from non-residential programs that operate separately from a residential program. Due to the established timeframes for the submittal of cost reports by providers for rate setting purposes, the financial information presented in the annual report is lagged by one year. As a result, the financial data contained in this annual report incorporates the most current information received from domestic violence providers, which is for the 2001 fiscal period.

The aggregate of the financial information for 2001, collected from individual providers, is shown in the following chart.

Table 5: The total of residential and non-residential program revenues received for 2001.

Total Residential and Non-Residential Program Revenues		
	Residential Programs	Non-Residential Programs
Government Revenue	\$40,157,949	\$29,663,382
Private Revenue	\$ 1,984,281	\$ 9,834,286
Totals	\$42,142,230	\$39,497,668

Revenues from government sources include per diems and government grants (typically from OCFS, the New York State Division of Criminal Justice Services, New York State Crime Victims Board, and social services districts). Residential revenues steadily increased from approximately \$40 million in 2000 to slightly over \$42 million in 2001. Revenues from per diems increased as a result of annual increases in per diem rates. Because per diems are available to support residential programs, government grants and private revenues are more likely to be applied to the non-residential services. Non-residential revenues increased from approximately \$34 million in 2000 to over \$39 million in 2001.

“The Amount of Funding Used for Administration and Staffing of Such Programs”

Based on the financial reports submitted by service providers for 2001, the amount of funds allocated to administration and staffing (personnel) expenses is identified below. Administration and staffing includes direct services staff, executive staff, support and supervisory staff. Non-personnel costs are also shown below and typically include rent, travel, printing and postage, supplies, equipment, telephone and utility costs.

Table 6: The amount of funds allocated to residential and non-residential program expenses for 2001.

Total Residential and Non-Residential Program Expenses		
	Residential Programs	Non-Residential Programs
Personnel Expenses	\$27,744,386	\$26,250,987
Non-Personnel Expenses	\$15,158,673	\$ 8,749,811
Totals	\$42,903,059	\$35,000,798

In comparing Tables 5 and 6, residential program expenses exceeded revenues by over \$750,000 for 2001. Most residential programs tend to operate at a slight deficit. Typically, non-residential programs are administered by the same agency operating the residential program. The aggregate of non-residential programs report a surplus of over \$4 million in total. The surplus is due to private income sources. There is no surplus of government revenues over total expenditures. Also, it should be noted that individually the majority of programs do not have a surplus.

“The Occupancy Rate and Length of Stay by Residential Program”

The average annual occupancy rate and length of stay is reported for each individual program in *Appendix B* and *Appendix C*. The formula used to determine the occupancy rate is:

$$\text{Bed Nights Utilized} \div (\text{Licensed Capacity} \times \text{Days in Year})$$

Table 7: Based on individually reported data, below are the average annual occupancy rates by program type in New York City as compared to the Rest of the State for the years 2001 and 2002.

Average Occupancy Rates		
<u>New York City</u>	<u>2001</u>	<u>2002</u>
Domestic Violence Program*	62%	91%
Domestic Violence Shelters	91%	84%
Safe Dwellings	80%	77%
<u>Rest of State</u>		
Domestic Violence Programs	63%	93%
Domestic Violence Shelters	77%	66%
Safe Dwellings	40%	49%

* Represents one facility

Note: Occupancy rates for safe homes have been excluded because the total number of safe homes available per program varies on a daily basis.

In accordance with program regulations, the length of stay policy can be individually determined through contractual arrangements between the district and provider. However, the length of stay reimbursement cannot exceed 90 days with up to one 45-day extension under limited circumstances.

Table 8: Based on individually reported data, below is the average annual length of stay by program type in New York City as compared to the Rest of the State during 2001 and 2002.

Average Length of Stay (in bednights)		
<u>New York City</u>	<u>2001</u>	<u>2002</u>
Domestic Violence Program*	60	67
Domestic Violence Shelters	93	94
Safe Dwellings	115	105
Safe Home Networks	63	17
<u>Rest of State</u>		
Domestic Violence Programs	15	17
Domestic Violence Shelters	35	25
Safe Dwellings	22	21
Safe Home Networks	0	1

The average length of stay remained fairly constant from 2001 to 2002. Notably, the one exception being New York City Safe Home Networks. This is due to one New York City site that has a large variation in length of stays. Safe homes are typically used as a last resort for a short stay, but in New York City, the safe home model is often structured so that residents can remain longer. In 2001, safe homes in the rest of state were not used at all and in 2002 only averaged a one bed night length of stay.

“The Name and Description of New Programs Developed by Service Type”

OCFS is responsible for administering Federal Family Violence Prevention and Services Act funds. During 2002, Federal funds were administered equally to all approved residential and non-residential providers in New York State. Each of the 89 applicants in 2002 were eligible to receive an award of up to \$39,496. These funds are used for general operating expenses, health and safety improvements and /or program enhancements.

Several agencies opened new facilities in 2002 as follows:

- New York Asian Women-opened a 17 bed domestic violence shelter on December 23, 2002.
- Safe Horizon, Inc.- opened two domestic violence shelters of 51 and 54 beds respectively on June 26, 2002.
- Urban Resource Institute-opened two domestic violence shelters one of 84 beds on September 27, 2002 and one of 89 beds on December 30, 2002.
- The Volunteers of America opened two new safe dwellings of 8 and 9 beds on December 23, 2002.
- Urban Resource Institute opened a new transitional program during 2002.

Child Protective/Domestic Violence Collaborative Projects (continuing in 2002)

The goal of these projects is to develop collaborative responses between domestic violence service providers and local district child protective caseworkers. As a result of these projects, a protocol was developed for joint case planning and casework. Workers from both arenas have been collaborating to improve safety and self-sufficiency plans for families experiencing both child abuse and domestic violence.

The TANF funded CPS/DV Collaborative projects are:

- Nassau County Coalition Against Domestic Violence.
- Cayuga/Seneca Community Action Agency, Inc..
- Alternatives for Battered Women, Inc. (Monroe Co.).
- Equinox, Inc. (Albany Co.).
- Unity House of Troy (Rensselaer Co.).
- Catholic Charities of Montgomery County.
- Rockland Family Shelter.

Additionally, the following five CPS/DV Collaborative projects were continued for a third year of funding using Federal Family Violence Prevention and Services Act funds:

- Catholic Charities of the Roman Catholic Diocese of Syracuse, NY.
- Liberty Resources, Inc. (Madison Co.).
- My Sister’s Place (Westchester Co.).
- Victims Information Bureau of Suffolk, Inc..
- YWCA of Niagara.

“The Name and Description of Programs in Danger of Closing that Received Funds and the Status of Such Programs”

Since the passage of the Domestic Violence Prevention Act, neither OCFS nor its predecessor (NYS DSS) has been aware of any programs in danger of closing. Factors that have contributed to the stability of programs include mainstream funding available through the per diem and Title XX processes, the increased availability of Federal funds from OCFS and other state agencies including TANF funding and improvements in cross-county payments.

“The Name and Description of Programs that Closed During the Reporting Year and the Reason for Such Closure”

OCFS is not aware of any programs that closed during the reporting year.

“The Number of Individuals Who Requested and Received Transitional Housing Services and the Effect of Providing Such Services to Victims and their Families”

Inadequate housing options coupled with the continued need for support services beyond the emergency shelter stay has led to the development of transitional housing programs. Transitional housing programs are not regulated or monitored by OCFS, but have emerged as an informal alternative to the longer term needs of domestic violence victims. *Appendix D* lists each of the transitional housing programs known to OCFS, the capacity of each, the number of adults and children sheltered during the report period, and the destination of residents upon departure.

“The Name and Description of Programs that Received Technical Assistance and the Effect of Such Assistance”

Technical assistance is provided through a variety of sources to all residential and non-residential domestic violence programs. OCFS staff provides on-site monitoring and technical assistance in program and policy development, as well as in licensing, financial and budget matters. The OCFS Bureau of Training and Workforce Development also contracts with the Office for the Prevention of Domestic Violence (OPDV) to provide training and technical assistance to local districts and to providers. As a result of the technical assistance, providers are able to improve the quality of services offered.

“A Schedule Showing the Approved Daily Rates of Reimbursement Payable to Residential Programs for Victims of Domestic Violence Pursuant to Section 131-u”

In accordance with the Domestic Violence Prevention Act, OCFS is responsible for establishing the daily rate of reimbursement for residential programs for victims of domestic violence. Flat rates are established based upon regulatory requirements, program type, and size, with differential rates for programs operating in New York City versus those programs operating in counties outside of New York City. The flat rates for individual programs are then adjusted downward to recapture any surpluses of government revenue reported by the agency for that program in the prior period. When the current rate methodology was implemented in 1992, residential programs with historical rates that were higher than the newly established flat rates were approved at their historical rate levels. As part of that approved methodology, programs with exempted rates were assured that they would continue to receive those rates until the exempted rates were no longer higher than the flat rates, at which point those programs would be assigned the appropriate flat rates. Appendix E lists the individual rates by program. Rates for programs operating in New York City cover the July 2001 through June 2002 period, and rates for programs operating in the Rest of the State cover calendar year 2002.

Appendices

Appendix A

Counties By Regional Office, 2002

REGIONAL OFFICE	COUNTIES
Albany Regional Office (ARO)	Albany, Clinton, Columbia, Delaware, Essex, Franklin, Fulton, Greene, Hamilton, Montgomery, Otsego, Rensselaer, Saratoga, Schenectady, Schoharie, Warren, Washington
Buffalo Regional Office (BRO)	Allegany, Cattaraugus, Chautauqua, Erie, Genesee, Niagara, Orleans, Wyoming
New York City Regional Office (NYCRO)	Bronx, Brooklyn, Manhattan, Queens, Staten Island
Rochester Regional Office (RRO)	Chemung, Livingston, Monroe, Ontario, Schuyler, Seneca, Steuben, Wayne, Yates
Syracuse Regional Office (SRO)	Broome, Cayuga, Chenango, Cortland, Herkimer, Jefferson, Lewis, Madison, Oneida, Onondaga, Oswego, St. Lawrence, Tioga, Tompkins
Yonkers Regional Office (YRO)	Nassau, Putnam, Rockland, Suffolk, Sullivan, Westchester, Orange, Ulster, Dutchess

Appendix B

Average Annual Occupancy Rate by Individual Program, 2002

AgencyName	Program Type	Annual Occupancy Rate
A New Hope Center	Safe Dwelling	34%
ACCORD Corporation	Safe Dwelling	12%
Allen Women's Resource Center	Shelter	92%
Alternatives for Battered Women	Shelter	95%
Behavioral Health Services North - Clinton County	Safe Dwelling	40%
Behavioral Health Services North - Essex County	Safe Dwelling	5%
(Behavioral Health Services was formerly known as Clinton County Mental Health Association)		
Brighter Tomorrows	Program	67%
Catholic Charities of Herkimer County	Safe Dwelling	37%
Catholic Charities of Saratoga, Warren & Washington	Safe Dwelling	72%
Catholic Charities of Schoharie County	Safe Dwelling	73%
Catholic Family and Community Services of Montgomery	Safe Dwelling	54%
Cattaraugus Community Action	Safe Dwelling	46%
Cayuga/Seneca Community Action Agency	Safe Dwelling	15%
Center for the Elimination of Violence in the Family - Women's Safe Start	Shelter	87%
Center for the Elimination of Violence in the Family - Women's Survival Place	Shelter	97%
Chances & Changes	Shelter	59%
Chenango County Catholic Charities	Safe Dwelling	20%
Child & Family Services of Erie County - Haven Hpuse	Shelter	81%
City of New York Human Resources Administration - New Days I & II	Shelter (2)	80%
Community Action Agency of Franklin County (COMLINK)	Safe Dwelling	18%
Community Action Commission to Help the Economy (CACHE)	Safe Dwelling	47%
Community Action of Greene County - Columbia County	Shelter	50%
Community Action of Greene County - Greene County	Shelter	34%
Community Services for the Developmentally Disabled	Safe Dwelling	82%
Delaware Opportunities	Safe Dwelling	21%
Domestic Violence Services	Safe Dwelling	82%
Equinox	Shelter	87%
Family & Children's Service of Niagara	Safe Dwelling	46%
Family Counseling Center of Fulton County	Safe Dwelling	49%
Family of Woodstock	Shelter	68%
Food First Family Project - La Familia	Shelter	91%
Food First Family Project - The Family Project	Shelter	98%
Good Shepherd Services - Park Slope Safe Home Project	Safe Dwelling (2)	92%
Grace Smith House - Poughkeepsie	Shelter	89%
Grace Smith House - Northeast	Shelter	76%
H.E.L.P. Social Services Corporation - Help Haven	Shelter	89%
H.E.L.P. Social Services Corporation - Help Safe Dwelling	Safe Dwelling	75%
Henry Street Settlement	Shelter	96%
Jewish Board of Family & Children's Services - Genesis	Shelter	103%
Jewish Board of Family & Children's Services - Horizons	Shelter	96%
Jewish Board of Family & Children's Services - Transition Center	Safe Dwelling	85%
Lewis County Opportunties	Safe Dwelling	3%
Liberty Resources	Safe Dwelling	56%
My Sister's Place - Yonkers	Shelter	108%
My Sister's Place - Mamaroneck	Shelter	86%
Nassau County Coalition Against Domestic Violence	Shelter	76%
New York Asian Women's Center	Shelter	85%
New York Asian Women's Center	Safe Dwelling	78%

Appendix B

Average Annual Occupancy Rate by Individual Program, 2002

AgencyName	Program Type	Annual Occupancy Rate
Northern Westchester Shelter	Shelter	107%
Ohel Children's Home & Family Services	Safe Dwelling (2)	74%
Opportunities for Otsego	Safe Dwelling	74%
Orange County Safe Homes Project	Shelter	67%
Oswego County Opportunities	Program	32%
Project Return Foundation	Program	91%
Putnam/Northern Westchester Women's Resource Center	Shelter	92%
Retreat	Shelter	89%
Rockland Family Shelter	Shelter	99%
Rural Opportunities	Safe Dwelling	25%
Safe Horizon - Ivy House I	Shelter	47% *
Safe Horizon - Ivy House II	Shelter	46% *
Safe Horizon - Lotus House	Shelter	76%
Safe Horizon - Prelude	Shelter	89%
Safe Horizon - Project Oasis	Safe Dwelling	77%
Safe Horizon - Sage House II	Shelter	79%
Salvation Army of Elmira	Shelter	33%
Salvation Army of Jamestown	Program	93%
Sanctuary for Families	Safe Dwelling	101%
Sanctuary for Families	Safe Dwelling	39%
Sanctuary for Families	Safe Dwelling	65%
Sanctuary for Families at Rosa Parks Place	Shelter	85%
SOS Shelter	Shelter	41%
St. Lawrence Valley Renewal House	Safe Dwelling	35%
Steuben Church People Against Poverty	Program	38%
Suffolk County Coalition Against Domestic Violence	Shelter	90%
Tompkins County Task Force for Battered Women	Safe Dwelling	55%
Unity House of Troy	Shelter	80%
Urban Resource Institute - Urban Women's New Beginnings	Shelter	98%
Urban Resource Institute - Urban Women's Retreat	Shelter	98%
Urban Resource Institute - Urban Women's Safe Haven	Shelter	38% **
Vera House	Program	76%
Vera House - North	Safe Dwelling	62%
Victim Resource Center of the Fingerlakes	Safe Dwelling	44%
Victim's Assistance Center of Jefferson County	Program	5%
Violence Intervention Program	Safe Dwelling	81%
Volunteers of America -- Greater New York	Shelter	95%
Wyoming County Community Action	Safe Dwelling	17%
YWCA of Cortland, New York	Safe Dwelling	41%
YWCA of Genesee County	Safe Dwelling	10%
YWCA of Niagara	Safe Dwelling	31%
YWCA of Schenectady	Shelter	89%
YWCA of the Mohawk Valley - Hall House	Program	52%
YWCA of the Mohawk Valley	Safe Dwelling	59%

* Average Occupancy Rate for 6 months (shelter opened in June 2002).

** Average Occupancy Rate for 3 months (shelter opened in September 2002).

Appendix C

Average Annual Length of Stay by Individual Program, 2002

AgencyName	Program Type	Annual Length of Stay
A New Hope Center	Safe Dwelling	16
A New Hope Center	Safe Home	2
ACCORD Corporation	Safe Dwelling	10
Allen Women's Resource Center	Shelter	59
Alternatives for Battered Women	Shelter	15
Behavioral Health Services North - Clinton County	Safe Dwelling	23
Behavioral Health Services North - Essex County	Safe Dwelling	10
(Behavioral Health Services was formerly known as Clinton County Mental Health Association)		
Brighter Tomorrows	Program	15
Catholic Charities of Herkimer County	Safe Dwelling	21
Catholic Charities of Saratoga, Warren & Washington	Safe Dwelling	36
Catholic Charities of Schoharie County	Safe Dwelling	24
Catholic Family and Community Services of Montgomery	Safe Dwelling	24
Cattaraugus Community Action	Safe Dwelling	13
Cayuga/Seneca Community Action Agency	Safe Dwelling	10
Center for the Elimination of Violence in the Family - Women's Safe Start	Shelter	146
Center for the Elimination of Violence in the Family - Women's Survival Space	Shelter	119
Chances & Changes	Shelter	22
Chenango County Catholic Charities	Safe Dwelling	12
Chenango County Catholic Charities	Safe Home	0
Child & Family Services of Erie County	Safe Home	0
Child & Family Services of Erie County - Haven House	Shelter	25
City of New York Human Resources Administration - New Days I & II	Shelter	56
Community Action Agency of Franklin County (COMLINKS)	Safe Dwelling	11
Community Action Agency of Franklin County (COMLINKS)	Safe Home	0
Community Action Commission to Help the Economy (CACHE)	Safe Dwelling	26
Community Action of Greene County - Columbia County	Shelter	23
Community Action of Greene County - Greene County	Shelter	27
Community Services for the Developmentally Disabled	Safe Dwelling	159
Delaware Opportunities	Safe Dwelling	20
Domestic Violence Services	Safe Dwelling	25
Equinox	Shelter	20
Family & Children's Service of Niagara	Safe Dwelling	12
Family Counseling Center of Fulton County	Safe Dwelling	11
Family Counseling Service of the Finger Lakes	Safe Home	0
Family of Woodstock	Shelter	26
Food First Family Project - La Familia	Shelter	73
Food First Family Project - The Family Project	Shelter	95
Good Shepherd Services - Park Slope Safe Home Project	Safe Dwelling	118
Good Shepherd Services - Park Slope Safe Home Project	Safe Home	0
Grace Smith House - Poughkeepsie	Shelter	36
Grace Smith House - Northeast	Shelter	25
H.E.L.P. Social Services Corporation - Help Safe Dwelling	Safe Dwelling	85
H.E.L.P. Social Services Corporation - Help Haven	Shelter	114
Henry Street Settlement	Shelter	98
Jewish Board of Family & Children's Services - Transition Center	Safe Dwelling	119
Jewish Board of Family & Children's Services - Horizons	Shelter	106
Jewish Board of Family & Children's Services - Genesis	Shelter	169
Lewis County Opportunities	Safe Dwelling	9
Liberty Resources	Safe Dwelling	22
My Sister's Place - Yonkers	Shelter	45
My Sister's Place - Mamaroneck	Shelter	42
Nassau County Coalition Against Domestic Violence	Shelter	44

Appendix C

Average Annual Length of Stay by Individual Program, 2002

AgencyName	Program Type	Annual Length of Stay
New York Asian Women's Center	Shelter	191
Northern Westchester Shelter	Shelter	53
Ohel Children's Home & Family Services	Safe Dwelling	217
Opportunities for Otsego	Safe Dwelling	29
Orange County Safe Homes Project	Safe Home	0
Orange County Safe Homes Project	Shelter	32
Oswego County Opportunities	Program	13
Project Return Foundation	Program	68
Putnam/Northern Westchester Women's Resource Cente	Shelter	32
Retreat	Safe Home	0
Retreat	Shelter	41
Rockland Family Shelter	Safe Home	0
Rockland Family Shelter	Shelter	45
Rural Opportunities	Safe Dwelling	14
Safe Horizon - Project Oasis	Safe Dwelling	61
Safe Horizon - Project Oasis Safe Home	Safe Home	12
Safe Horizon - Sage House II	Shelter	30
Safe Horizon - Lotus House	Shelter	28
Safe Horizon - Ivy House I	Shelter	9
Safe Horizon - Ivy House II	Shelter	9
Safe Horizon - Prelude	Shelter	48
Salvation Army of Elmira	Shelter	14
Salvation Army of Jamestown	Program	27
Sanctuary for Families	Safe Dwelling	175
Sanctuary for Families	Safe Dwelling	137
Sanctuary for Families	Safe Dwelling	143
Sanctuary for Families	Safe Home	76
Sanctuary for Families at Rosa Parks Place	Shelter	131
SOS Shelter	Shelter	11
St. Lawrence Valley Renewal House	Safe Dwelling	13
St. Lawrence Valley Renewal House	Safe Home	0
Steuben Church People Against Poverty	Program	10
Suffolk County Coalition Against Domestic Violence	Shelter	22
Tompkins County Task Force for Battered Women	Safe Dwelling	42
Unity House of Troy	Shelter	30
Urban Resource Institute - Urban Women's Retreat	Shelter	97
Urban Resource Institute - Urban Women's Safe Haven	Shelter	36
Urban Resource Institute - Urban Women's New Beginnings	Shelter	86
Vera House	Program	24
Vera House - North	Safe Dwelling	34
Victim Resource Center of the Fingerlakes	Safe Dwelling	17
Victim's Assistance Center of Jefferson County	Program	8
Violence Intervention Program	Safe Dwelling	111
Volunteers of America -- Greater New York	Shelter	155
Wyoming County Community Action	Safe Dwelling	25
Wyoming County Community Action	Safe Home	0
YWCA of Cortland, New York	Safe Dwelling	20
YWCA of Dutchess County, New York	Safe Home	1
YWCA of Genesee County	Safe Dwelling	9
YWCA of Niagara	Safe Dwelling	15
YWCA of Schenectady	Shelter	17
YWCA of the Mohawk Valley - Hall House	Program	14
YWCA of the Mohawk Valley	Safe Dwelling	14

Appendix D

Transitional Housing Programs, 2002

Agency Name	Total Bed Capacity	Admissions		Destination of Families Discharged
		Adult	Child	
ACCORD Corporation	15	28	43	3-A,6-B, 5-D, 1-H, 9-I
Brighter Tomorrows	26	10	20	4-B, 2-C, 1-H, 3-I
Grace Smith House	15	10	15	5-B, 3-C
Help Social Services	181	109	202	91-B, 2-C, 2-H, 21-I
Jefferson County Women's Center	40	3	12	No Discharges
Safe Horizon, Inc.	28	23	27	
Sanctuary for Families	56	114	143	84-B, 7-C, 2-E, 3-F, 3-G, 1-H, 10-I
Unity House of Troy	12	14	8	4-B, 1-C, 1-I
Urban Center for Change	117	63	98	42-B, 4-C, 6-E, 6-F, 4-I

Destination Codes:

A - Living independently in home abuser vacated
 B - Living independently in new location
 C - Living with family or friends
 D - Returned to batterer
 E - To another emergency DV residential program

F - To homeless shelter
 G - To another transitional housing program
 H - Other
 I - Destination unknown

Appendix E

Annual Per Diem Rate by Individual Program, 2002

Agency Name	Program Type	Per Diem Rates
A New Hope Center, Inc.	Safe Dwelling	\$64.45
A New Hope Center, Inc.	Safe Home	\$28.74
ACCORD Corporation	Safe Dwelling	\$64.45
ACCORD Corporation	Safe Home	\$28.74
Allen Women's Resource Center	DV Shelter	\$97.61
Alternatives for Battered Women, Inc.	DV Shelter	\$72.67
Behavioral Health Services North - Clinton	Safe Dwelling	\$64.45
Behavioral Health Services North - Essex	Safe Dwelling	\$64.45
(Behavioral Health Services was formerly known as Clinton County Mental Health Association)		
Brighter Tomorrows	DV Program	\$86.88
Catholic Charities of Saratoga, Warren and Washington Counties	Safe Dwelling	\$70.94
Catholic Family & Children's Services of Herkimer	Safe Dwelling	\$70.94
Catholic Family & Community Services of Montgomery	Safe Dwelling	\$57.28
Cattaraugus Community Action	Safe Dwelling	\$64.45
Cayuga/Seneca Community Action Agency	Safe Dwelling	\$64.45
Center for the Elimination of Violence in the Family	Safe Home	\$40.95
Center for the Elimination of Violence in the Family - Women's Survival Space	DV Shelter	\$79.98
Center for the Elimination of Violence in the Family - Women's Safe Start	DV Shelter	\$75.42
Chances & Changes, Inc.	DV Shelter	\$86.88
Chenango County Catholic Charities	Safe Dwelling	\$70.94
Chenango County Catholic Charities	Safe Home	\$28.74
Children & Families Services of Erie County - Haven House	DV Shelter	\$68.11
Children & Families Services of Erie County - Haven House	Safe Home	\$35.23
Columbia-Greene Community Action - Columbia County	DV Shelter	\$86.88
Columbia-Greene Community Action - Greene County	DV Shelter	\$86.88
Community Action Agency of Franklin County (COMLINKS)	Safe Dwelling	\$70.94
Community Action Agency of Franklin County (COMLINKS)	Safe Home	\$28.74
Community Action Commission to Help the Economy (CACHE)	Safe Dwelling	\$64.45
Community Services for the Developmentally Disabled	Safe Dwelling	\$105.00 **
Delaware Opportunities, Inc.	Safe Dwelling	\$64.45
Domestic Violence Services, Inc.	Safe Dwelling	\$70.94
Equinox	DV Shelter	\$86.52
Family & Children's Service of Niagara	Safe Dwelling	\$68.90
Family & Community Services of Schoharie County	Safe Dwelling	\$70.94
Family Counseling Center of Fulton County	Safe Dwelling	\$69.20
Family Counseling Service of the Finger Lakes	Safe Home	\$28.74
Family of Woodstock, Inc.	DV Shelter	\$86.88
Food First Family Project	DV Shelter	\$75.42
Good Shepherd Services - Park Slope Safe Home Project	Safe Dwelling	\$70.82
Good Shepherd Services - Park Slope Safe Home Project	Safe Home	\$40.95
Grace Smith House, Inc. - Northeast	DV Shelter	\$86.88
Grace Smith House, Inc. - Poughkeepsie	DV Shelter	\$86.88
Help Haven	DV Shelter	\$75.42
Help Haven	Safe Dwelling	\$70.82
Henry Street Settlement	DV Shelter	\$75.42
Jewish Board of Family & Children's Services, Inc. - Transition Center	Safe Dwelling	\$68.71
Jewish Board of Family & Children's Services, Inc. - Genesis	DV Shelter	\$75.42
Jewish Board of Family & Children's Services, Inc. - Horizons	DV Shelter	\$75.42
Lewis County Opportunities, Inc.	Safe Dwelling	\$64.45
Liberty Resources, Inc.	Safe Dwelling	\$64.45
My Sisters' Place, Inc. - Mamaroneck	DV Shelter	\$82.32
My Sisters' Place, Inc. - Yonkers	DV Shelter	\$78.53
Nassau County Coalition Against Domestic Violence	DV Shelter	\$86.88

** Includes SSI

Appendix E

Annual Per Diem Rate by Individual Program, 2002

Agency Name	Program Type	Per Diem Rates
New York Asian Women's Center	DV Shelter	\$93.05
New York Asian Women's Center	Safe Dwelling	\$74.78
New York Asian Women's Center	Safe Home	\$74.78
Northern Westchester Shelter	DV Shelter	\$86.88
Ohel Children's Home and Family Services	Safe Dwelling	\$66.58
Opportunities for Otsego	DV Program	\$70.94
Orange County Safe Homes Project, Inc.	DV Shelter	\$82.32
Orange County Safe Homes Project, Inc.	Safe Home	\$24.74
Project Return Foundation, Inc.	DV Program	\$73.88
Putnam/Northern Westchester Women's Resource Center	DV Shelter	\$86.88
Retreat, The	DV Shelter	\$86.88
Rockland Family Shelter	DV Shelter	\$86.88
Rural Opportunities, Inc.	Safe Dwelling	\$70.94
Safe Horizon, Inc.	Safe Dwelling	\$64.10
Safe Horizon, Inc.	Safe Home	\$38.61
Safe Horizon, Inc. - New Hope	DV Shelter	\$75.42
Safe Horizon, Inc. - Prelude	DV Shelter	\$75.42
Salvation Army of Jamestown, The	DV Program	\$79.03
Salvation Army Safehouse of Elmira, The	DV Shelter	\$82.32
Sanctuary for Families	Safe Dwelling	\$70.82
Sanctuary for Families	Safe Home	\$40.95
Sanctuary for Families	DV Shelter	\$93.05
S.O.S. Shelter	DV Shelter	\$86.88
St. Lawrence Valley Renewal House	Safe Dwelling	\$64.45
St. Lawrence Valley Renewal House	Safe Home	\$28.74
Steuben Church People Against Poverty, Inc.	DV Program	\$86.88
Suffolk County Coalition Against Domestic Violence	DV Shelter	\$86.88
Tompkins County Task Force for Battered Women	Safe Dwelling	\$70.94
Tompkins County Task Force for Battered Women	Safe Home	\$28.74
Unity House of Troy	DV Shelter	\$86.88
Urban Resource Institute- Urban Women's Retreat	DV Shelter	\$75.42
Urban Resource Institute- Urban Women's New Beginnings	DV Shelter	\$75.42
Vera House, Inc.	Safe Dwelling	\$70.94
Vera House, Inc.	DV Program	\$86.88
Victim Resource Center of Wayne County	Safe Dwelling	\$60.36
Victim's Assistance Center of Jefferson County	DV Program	\$86.88
Violence Intervention Program	Safe Dwelling	\$70.82
Wyoming County Community Action	Safe Dwelling	\$70.94
Wyoming County Community Action	Safe Home	\$35.23
YWCA of Cortland	Safe Dwelling	\$64.45
YWCA of Dutchess	Safe Home	\$28.74
YWCA of Genesee County DV Project	Safe Dwelling	\$70.94
YWCA of Niagara/Lockport	Safe Dwelling	\$70.94
YWCA of Mohawk Valley - Hall House	DV Program	\$86.88
YWCA of Mohawk Valley	Safe Dwelling	\$70.94
YWCA of Schenectady	DV Shelter	\$86.88

Rates shown for programs operating in New York City cover July 2001 - June 2002. Rates for programs operating Rest of State cover the calendar year 2002.

** Includes SSI